

Filing Taxes as a Freelancer

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Presented by Mariette Martinez, EA

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About Your Presenter



Mariette F. Martinez, EA mariette@mariettemartinez.com

What I Love Doing and Who I Love Doing it For:

- Small Business Financial & Tax Accountant for over 20+ years
- Content Creator/Educator for Micro-Business Owners, Freelance/Self-Employed Business Owners & Bilingual Financial Professionals
- Small Business Advisor at MarietteMartinez.com
- Public Educator at MasterYourBooks.com
- Co-founder, Bilingual Education Platform, TusTresMaestras.com
- Intuit Trainer/Writer/Blogger & QuickBooks ProAdvisor
- #Mompreneur of 3 Anette (14), Miguel (12) & James (3)
- My Purpose: Impact lives through education & connections















Another friendly conversation with your trusted friend & financial/tax accountant Mariette Martinez, EA



Agenda

- So you are a freelancer, now what
- Easily track income & expenses year-round
- How QuickBooks Self-Employed can help
- Freelancer tax tips & tax deductions
- Ask a tax expert Q&A



now what?

So you are a freelancer,

The Freelance Economy & Their Greatest Needs













The Freelance Economy:

- Non-Employee 1099Misc servicebased independent contractors
- Freelancers ARE Self-Employed Business Owners
- Commonly location independent, mobile & home-based (SOHO)
- May receive 1099Misc NEC and/or 1099K for services rendered
- May work multiple jobs & may receive multiple income sources incl. wages

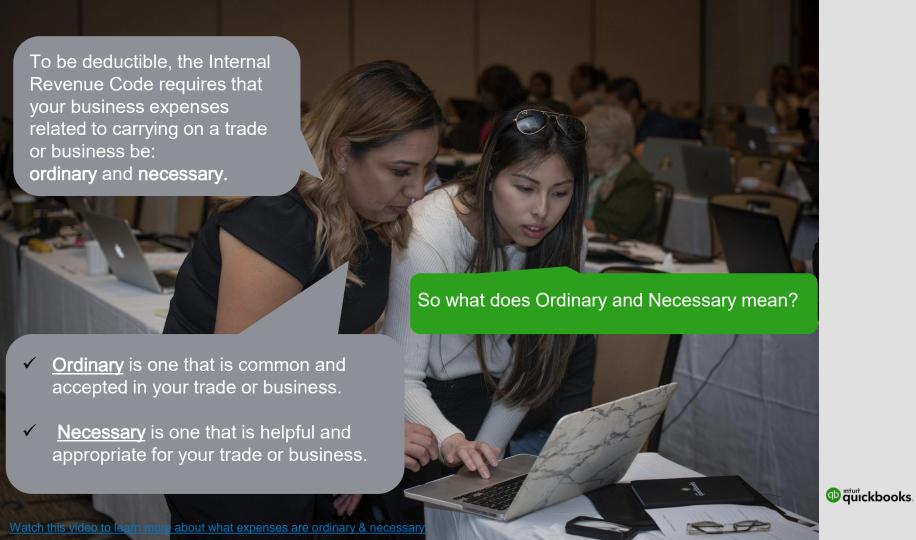
Their Greatest Needs:

- Financial & business education for self-employed
- Easily track income & expenses year-round
- Separate personal & business transactions
- Track billable time for client invoicing/billing
- Capture receipts & expenses for tax deductibility
- Calculate owner's pay, net profit & estimated taxes
- Prepare, file & timely pay quarterly estimated taxes
- Prepare IRS Form1040, Schedule C & Schedule SE



Easily track income &

expenses year-round



What to Track, How to Document & Where/When to Report

What to Track



- Income (Revenue)
- Expenses
- Purchases for sale (inventory)
- > Assets (equipment & electronics)
- ➤ Liabilities (loans, credit cards)
- ➤ Equity/Owner transactions
- Payroll related forms
- > 1099Misc Contractor forms
- > Permanent business docs
- > Tax returns and tax forms
- IRS suggested records

How to Document



- Export transactions from online bank/credit card accounts(csv) and create Profit or Loss & Balance Sheet
- Automate bookkeeping with bank & credit card transactions download into electronic accounting solution
- Utilize apps to capture receipts through mobile/scanner
- ➤ Utilize a secure cloud storage to organize documents
- How to document by document type
 - ➤ Income documents include: bank deposit with notes, customer invoices, POS reports, Forms 1099s, cash apps
 - Expense documents include: check register, 3rd party payments, petty cash receipts, bank w/draw with notes
 - Mileage log must include: date, destination, purpose and amount of miles for each business related entry
 - Assets documents include: list of assets that need to be considered for depreciation
 - ➤ IRS suggested record retention

Where to Report

- Form 1040, Schedule C Profit/Loss Sole Prop
- Schedule SE (SE Taxes)
- Form 1040-ES quarterly estimated federal taxes
- Form 1120S (for S Corp)
- Form 1120 (for C Corp)

When to Report

Know your Tax Deadlines!

The Lowdown on **What to Track** as Self-Employed

Income

Non-employee compensation for services rendered to a non-employer including payments received in cash, check, cash equivalent (cash app) and/or credit card payments which may include:

- ➤ Income reported on Form 1099Misc (will receive when paid over \$600)
- Income reported on Form 1099-K (will receive when paid over \$20k with over 200 transactions)
- Gross receipts/sales from clients
- Bartering (taxable at FMV)

Tax Pro Tip:

➤ Don't confuse reporting net selfemployed income/loss with paying self-employment taxes – The \$400 or more rule

Expenses

Ordinary & necessary business expenses which may include the following:

- Supplies, tools & materials
- > Travel, accommodations & transport
- > Auto expenses & maintenance
- Professional development & fees
- ➤ 50% meals; no entertainment
- Sales commissions paid out
- Credit card/merchant fees
- Advertising & marketing
- > Payments for contract labor
- Payroll expenses
- Office lease & office expenses
- Website design & maintenance

Require additional documentation

These ordinary & necessary expenses may require additional substantiation, calculations & exceptions may apply:

- ➤ Self-employment taxes (15.3%)
- Qualified business income deduction (20%)
- IRS Approved mileage log
- Assets (equipment & electronics)
- Liabilities (loans, credit cards, credit lines)
- Expenses paid with petty cash
- Equity/Owner transactions
- Qualified home office space
- SE health insurance premiums
- SE retirement plan contributions
- Start-up costs & organizational costs
- > Depreciation



Keep Track of Everything to Stay Audit Proof

Save your receipts & banish the box

- Create a system to store receipts in one place with anytime, anywhere access
- When everything is in one place, you won't miss out on a single deduction
- Stay organized by using technology to save you time and money

3 suggestions for managing receipts

- Snap a pic using your phone
- Use a scanner to scan receipts into an electronic filing cabinet
- Upload to QuickBooks through your phone or drag/drop





Utilize Resources to Keep You on Track Year-Round

Business Education **always** comes FIRST!



Leverage technology to stay on track year-round



Resources for Self-Employed Success











3 Simple Options to Track Bookkeeping & Taxes Year-Round

Manual Ledger

Good 'Ole Spreadsheet

Easier, Electronic Automated Way



SCHEDULE C - PROFIT & LOSS	
	TAX YEAR 2019
GROSS RECEIPTS	1,000.00
LESS: COST OF GOOD SOLD	20.00
GROSS PROFIT	980.00
OPERATING EXPENSES	500.00
NET INCOME/LOSS PER BOOKS	480.00
TAX ADJUSTMENTS-ACCOUNTANT USE ONLY	
50% NON-DEDUCIBLE MEALS	
DEPRECIATION DEDUCTIONS	
NET INCOME/LOSS PER TAXES	

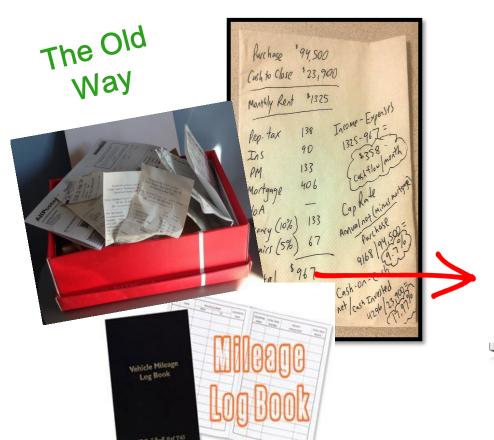




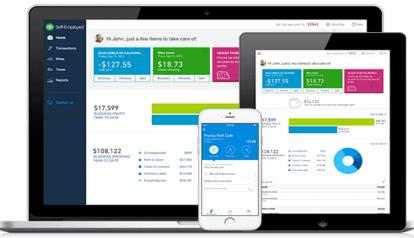
Self-Employed can help

How QuickBooks

Stress-Free Freelancer Bookkeeping & Taxes Year-Round



Introducing...





QuickBooks Self-Employed Can Keep You On Track Year-Round



Mobile app & work on the go



Track mileage automatically to calculate auto expense deduction



Track bank & credit card activity in real time and separate personal from business transactions



Project net profit in real time to calculate estimated taxes



Categorize transactions to simply match with Schedule C line items



Timely pay estimated taxes



Populate reports to provide to tax professional





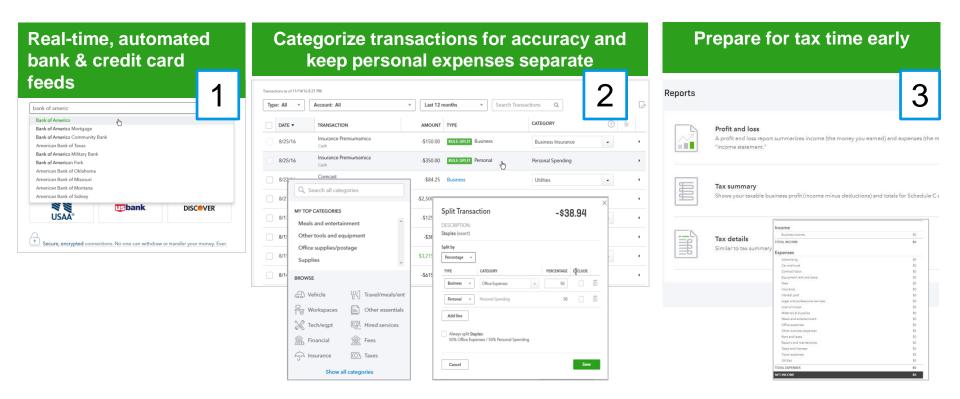
Capture Receipts from mobile device and banish the shoebox



Keep more of what you earned by having financial visibility year-round



The QuickBooks Self-Employed Workflow to Prepare for Tax Time





tax deductions

Freelancer tax tips &

Must Knows about Upwork & Freelancer Taxes

- You do not work for Upwork; You work for yourself
- As a Self-Employed Freelance business owner, you use Upwork as an online marketplace to connect with your potential clients who pay you through Upwork
- If you're a freelancer whom the Internal Revenue Service defines as a <u>"U.S. Person"</u> and earn money working with your client(s) through Upwork, you need to report all worldwide income on your U.S. income tax return
- You pay Upwork membership and service fees and these fees are deductible business expenses
- Upwork recommends that freelancers use the <u>Earnings by</u> <u>Client report</u> to accurately document reportable earnings



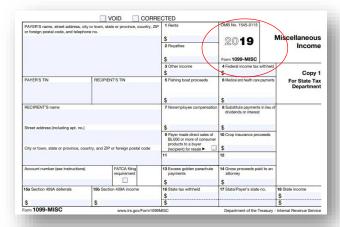


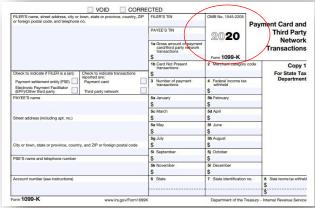
Tax Forms that Report Freelancer Income

As a Self-Employed Business Owner, you are required to manage your income and expenses year-round for tax purposes and report all income received, regardless of the tax forms you receive

Tax forms that *may* report freelancer income

- 1099-Misc: Per IRS regulations, you must send Form 1099 to any non-employee who your business paid \$600 or more to during the calendar year (Reporting NEC - Box 7) by January 31st (*Exceptions Apply)
- <u>1099-K</u>: Per IRS regulations, you should receive Form 1099-K by January 31st if, in the prior calendar year, you received payments:
 - from payment card transactions (e.g., debit, credit or stored-value cards), and/or
 - in settlement of third-party payment network transactions above the minimum reporting thresholds of gross payments that exceed \$20,000, AND more than 200 such transactions







Deduct a portion of Self-Employment taxes

Self-Employed individuals can claim a portion of the self-employment tax as a deduction (roughly one-half).

The self-employment tax rate is 15.3%. That rate is the sum of a 12.4% Social Security tax and 2.9% Medicare tax.

Taxes are a pay-as-you-go in the U.S., so you may be required to make quarterly estimated tax payments. Did you know you can even pay monthly?

Estimated taxes made easy

More on estimated taxes:

Guide to SE Taxes

https://youtu.be/acke7yxkTIs







Deduct up to 50% of business meal expenses

Meal deductions are allowable if:

- Incurred on business travel or,
- Provided to a current or potential business customer during a meeting
- Office snacks and employee meals
- Substantiated with receipts noting each person and the business reason for meal

Entertainment expenses are no longer deductible.





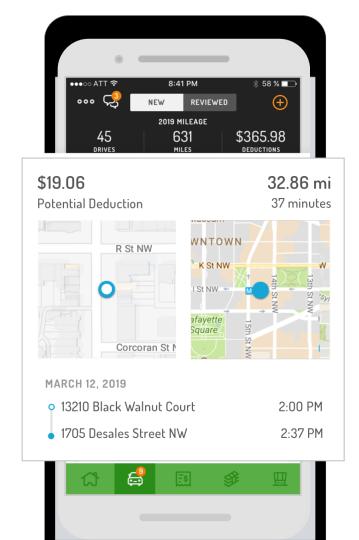
Deduct business travel

- For business conducted out of town, *reasonable* travel expenses are deductible
- Hotels and airfare at 100%, meals at 50%, 0% for entertainment
- Keep all receipts, document business reason for the trip, who you met and where you went



Deduct transportation costs

- Business trips during the day are deductible
- Choose between Actual Expense (keep receipts) or
 Standard Mileage Method (58 cents per mile for 2019,
 57.5 for 2020)
- No commute costs allowed (from home to 1st work location & last location back home)
- Keep a mileage log OR use a mileage app like
 QuickBooks Online to track business miles



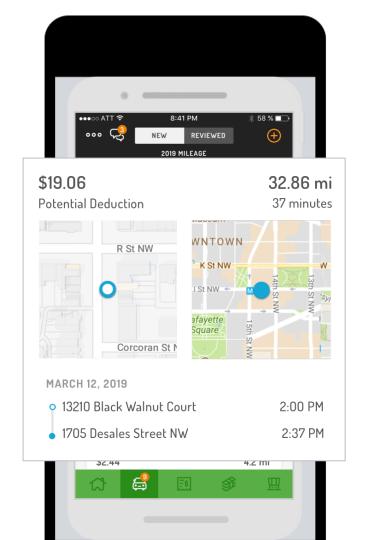
Deduct transportation costs

More on Auto Expense Deduction:

IRS Topic on Business Use of Car

https://youtu.be/6RfsZkTUf20





Take the 20% business income deduction

Under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, small businesses may qualify for a 20% deduction off their business net profit.*

This **Qualified Business Income Deduction** applies to small business owners who report their operations as following:



- Income from partnerships
- Income S corporations
- Income from LLCs, trusts & estates





^{*} Exceptions apply

Deduct your home office



regularly and exclusively for your business, you may qualify to claim a pro-rated home office deduction for utilities, rent, mortgage interest, depreciation, and cleaning fees.

Calculated based on the square footage of your home used for your business or use the simple method.

Deduct your home office



More on Home Office deduction:

Guide to Home Office deduction
https://youtu.be/Pe ESMFDL90



Deduct start-up costs

When you start your business, you may qualify to write off up to \$5,000 for preopening start-up expenses, including:

- Advertising & signage
- Travel to visit suppliers & customers
- Amounts paid or incurred for starting an active trade or business

Tax Pro Tip:

Once the business actually opens its doors, expenses may be deductible if they meet the IRS requirements of being ordinary and necessary.





Deduct health insurance

Self-Employed individuals can deduct the costs of personal health insurance premiums as long as:

- Your business is claiming a profit.
- You were not eligible to enroll in an employer's health plan, or your spouse's plan.

Tax Pro Tip:

Where do health insurance premium deductions show up?

Page 1 of Form 1040 as adjustment to gross income







Tax Deductions Every Freelancer Should Consider

- Are you a Road Warrior?
 - -<u>Actual expense vs. standard mileage</u> need log for both

(58 cents/mile for tax year 2019)

- -Buy or lease business vehicle
- Where are you Getting Things Done?
 - -Outside office
 - -Home office
 - -Co-working space
 - -Maximize legitimate home office from tax experts
- Are you traveling out of town for business?

Airfare, transportation, lodging, meals (50%)

- Is this your 1st year in business?
 - -Start-up costs (\$5000 and/or 180 months)
 - -Business insurance
 - -Bank & merchant
 - -Education
 - -Rent & storage
 - -Legal & professional fees
 - -Office/Shop setup and supplies



- Leveraging Technology? Go for it, they are deductible!
 - -Customer Management System (CRM)
 - -Tracking your finances(QBO, QBSE)
 - -Work smarter with business apps
- Are you Saving for Retirement?
 - -Traditional IRA vs Roth IRA
 - -Solo 401(k)
 - -Simple IRA vs SEP IRA
- What does it take to Close the Deal?
 - -Client Gifts (\$25 or Less)
 - -Finder/Referral fees
 - -Team effort (hiring talent)
 - -Advertising & promotional swag
 - -Fees to freelancer & engagement platforms
 - -Virtual assistant and/ outside services
- Who's helping you grow professionally?
 - -Professional/Association dues
 - -Business & technical conferences
 - -Business coach & masterminds



Common small business tax deductions

More on common tax deductions:

<u>Ultimate Guide for Self-Employed Deductions</u>

https://youtu.be/TyfdiDzO5cw







Q&A

QuickBooks Self-Employed Discount

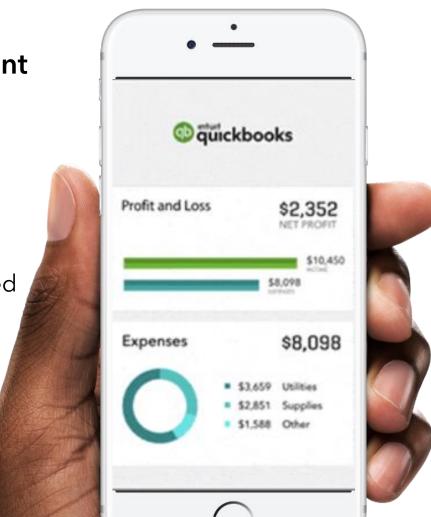
Product Features

- Easily sort and track expense Tracks mileage automatically

- Snap photos and store receipts
 Easy quarterly taxes
 Integrates with TurboTax Self-Employed

Special Discount for Upwork users:

Intuit.me/UpworkWebinar



Where do you GROW from here?



- Continue to learn what it means to be a freelance self-employed business owner through self-education & resource partners
- Leverage resources & technology to stay on track of your bookkeeping, taxes and source documentation year-round
- Track your business income and expense transactions electronically so you can keep more of what you earn, stay tax compliant year-round and have financial visibility in real-time
- Grow your freelancer business to serve your needs & to provide you the lifestyle friendly profitable business you desire



Thank you!